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10/721,342	11/26/2003	Tetsuya Sano	Q78531	9991
23373 7590 03/19/2009 SUGHRUE MION, PLLC 2100 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE, N.W.			EXAMINER	
			RUDOLPH, VINCENT M	
SUITE 800 WASHINGTON, DC 20037		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2625	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Application No. Applicant(s) 10/721,342 SANO, TETSUYA Office Action Summary Examiner Art Unit Vincent Rudolph 2625 -- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS. WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 17 February 2009. 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims 4) Claim(s) 1-15 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-15 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on 26 November 2003 is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. Attachment(s)

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)

Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)

Imformation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTC/G5/08)
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date ______.

Interview Summary (PTO-413)
 Paper No(s)/Mail Date.

6) Other:

Notice of Informal Patent Application

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1-10 and 14 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by lwata (JP411192761A) herein referred to as lwata.

Regarding claim 1,Iwata discloses an imposition apparatus (printer, See Figure 2, Element 3), which includes a paper image creating section (CPU, See Figure 2, Element 5) that creates a paper image (processes the printing data to be created on paper, See Paragraph 0020) in a manner that an imposition for at least one page frame is applied onto a paper (a fixed form size is obtained, See Figure 1; Paragraph 0019), and a page including an image (picture field, See Paragraph 0020) is disposed in the page frame on a layout in which an imaginary page frame including the page frame is setup so that a whole of the paper, in which the page is disposed, is provided in the form of an image (a single image is setup within the imaginary page frame, See Figure 1), an output processing section (printing part, See Figure 2, Element 8) that causes an image output machine for outputting an image on the paper by applying the paper image created in the paper image creating section (outputs the printing data that was processed, See Paragraph 0020), and a processing interruption section (embodied within the printer, See Figure 2, Element 3) that interrupts a series of processing of

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creating the paper image as well as outputting it whenever the page disposed on the layout juts out of the imaginary page frame (in the event that the fixed form size expands into bleeding area, the process interrupts in order to expand and create the printing data, See Paragraph 0021, to prevent the paper image from jutting out if printed. See Figure 6).

Regarding claim 2, Iwata discloses that the imaginary page frame includes a predetermined width of margin surrounding a periphery of the page frame (a width surrounding the fixed form portion, See Figure 1).

Regarding claim 3, Iwata discloses an imposition apparatus (printer, See Figure 2, Element 3) in which a page that includes an image (picture field, See Paragraph 0020) is disposed in the page frame on a layout in which an imposition for at least one page frame is applied onto a paper (a single image is setup within the imaginary page frame, See Figure 1), which includes a page size adjusting section (embodied within the printer, See Figure 2, Element 3) that performs a size adjustment to coincide the page disposed on the layout with an imaginary page frame that is larger that the one in the layout (if it is detected that the image is bigger than the actual form size, the printing data is expanded to compensate for the data, See Paragraph 0021), and a paper image creating section (CPU, See Figure 2, Element 5) that creates a paper image (creates the expanded printing data, See Paragraph 0025) in such a manner that the page adjusted in size is disposed in the page frame on the layout so that the whole of the paper, in which the page is disposed, is provided in the form of an image (the print

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data is adjusted so that the single image is able to fit on the whole paper, See Figure 1;

Paragraph 0022-0023).

Regarding claims 4-6, the rationale provided in the rejection of claims 1-3 is incorporated herein. In addition, the apparatus of claim 2 corresponds to the apparatus of claim 4 as well as the apparatus of claims 1 and 3 corresponds to the program (stored in memory, See Figure 2, Element 6) of claim 5 and the apparatus of claim 6 and performs the steps disclosed herein.

Regarding claim 7, Iwata discloses that the page is within boundary of the imaginary page frame (See Figure 1).

Regarding claim 8, Iwata discloses that the page size is adjusted to be within the boundary of the imaginary page frame (adjusted to fit within the full bleeding paper, See Figure 1; Paragraph 0021).

Regarding claim 9, Iwata discloses that the page is outside boundary of the page frame (outside boundary of the full bleeding paper, See Figure 1; Paragraph 0019).

Regarding claim 10, Iwata discloses that the page size is adjusted to be outside the boundary of the page frame (adjusted to be outside the page frame but within the full bleeding paper, See Figure 1; Paragraph 0019).

Regarding claim 14, Iwata discloses a user manually sets the size of the imaginary page frame and the size of the paper (user adjusts the size via a switch, See Paragraph 0024, as well is able to set the printing paper size to be used, See Paragraph 0016).

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 15 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Iwata.

Regarding claim 15, Iwata does not disclose that due to an interruption by the process interruption section, no image is printed, but it would have been obvious. The reason is because the user uses the A4 size paper (See Paragraph 0016), but if the printer does not include that size paper, then the process is interrupted and no image is printed until the correct paper size is set. Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to not print the image if the process is interrupted because it prevents the printing data from being improperly outputted and allow the user to fix the mistake in order to output the printing data correctly.

Claims 11-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over lwata in view of Matsuoka ('668).

Regarding claim 11, Iwata does not disclose that the paper image creating section sets a register mark, such that it is a mark whenever the paper is cut on the layout in which a page is disposed.

Matsuoka ('668) discloses a procedure for a document with register marks in order to cut the printed sheet (See Figure 7; Col. 6, Line 25-32). Application/Control Number: 10/721,342

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It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention by the applicant to include a register mark, such as the one disclosed within Matsuoka ('668), and incorporate it into the apparatus of Iwata because it allows the sheet to be outputted at the intended size by the kind of printed matter (See Matsuoka ('668), Col. 1, Line 21-25).

Regading claim 12, the combination of Iwata and Matsuoka ('668) discloses the paper image creating section creates a paper image which includes a plurality of register marks (See Matsuoka ('668), Figure 7).

Regarding claim 13, the combination of Iwata and Matsuoka ('668) discloses the image portion that juts out of the area encircled by the register mark is cut (the area surrounding the image is cut as set up by the register marks, See Matsuoka ('668), Figure 7).

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments, filed 2/17/2009, with respect to the rejection of claims 1-10 and 14-15 under Shima as well as claims 11-13 under Shima in view of Akabane have been fully considered and are persuasive. Therefore, the After Final has been entered and the rejection has been withdrawn. However, upon further consideration, a new grounds of rejection is made in view of Iwata and further Iwata in view of Matsuoka, and together do meet each limitation of the claims as disclosed within the rejection above.

Based on these facts as well as having the applicant's arguments been fully considered and persuasive, THIS ACTION IS MADE NON-FINAL.

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Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure is: Kärsten ('206).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Vincent Rudolph whose telephone number is (571) 272-8243. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday 8 A.M. - 4:30 P.M.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David Moore can be reached on (571) 272-7437. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the
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Vincent Rudolph Examiner Art Unit 2625

/Vincent Rudolph/ Acting Examiner of Art Unit 2625

/David K Moore/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2625